

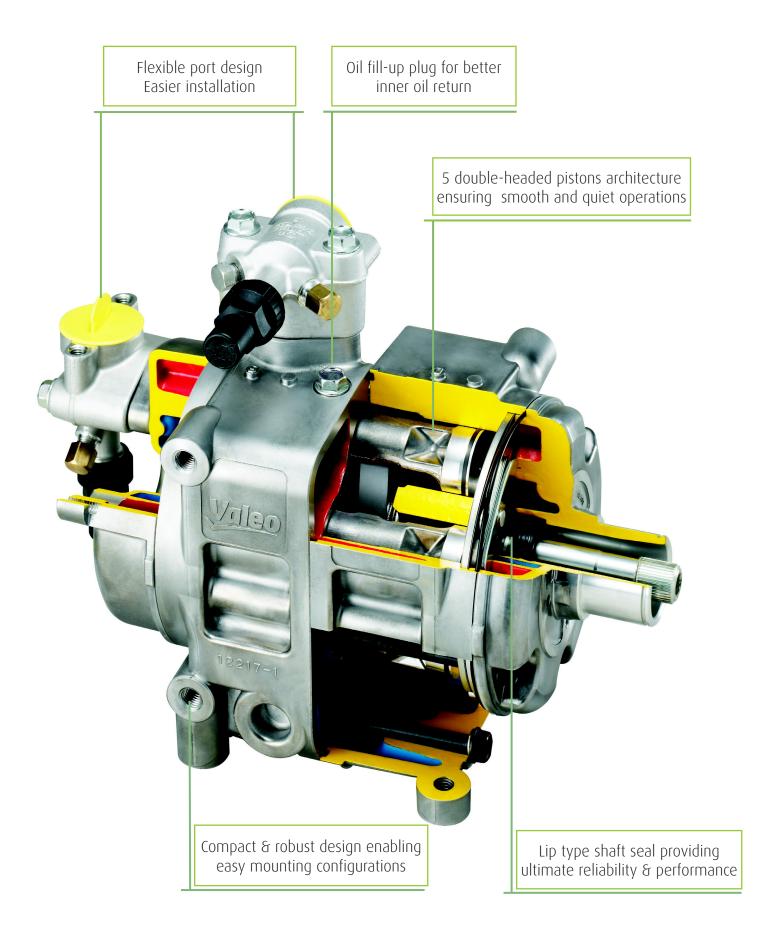
SERVICE MANUAL Valeo TM43 Compressor



valeo added[®]

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Light & Compact, Ultimate Reliability, Highest Performance **valeo** added[®] This service manual has been elaborated to help service personnel to provide efficient and correct service and maintenance on the Valeo **TM43** compressor (for HFC-134a) for automotive air conditioning.

This manual includes the operation specifications, procedures for disassembly, reassembly, and inspection of the compressor.

The contents of this manual, including illustrations, drawings and specifications were the latest available at the time of printing.

Valeo Japan reserves the right to make changes in specifications and procedures at any time without notice.

VALEO JAPAN CO., LTD.

WARNINGS

The following warning signs are used in this service manual.
These are extremely important to ensure safe operation and to prevent body injuries and property damage.
They must be fully understood before starting the air conditioner maintenance.
WARNING!! Maintenance must be properly done to avoid serious injury risks.

CAUTION!! Improper maintenance can result in injury or property damage.

MEANING OF MARKS

The following marks are used in this service manual to facilitate correct air conditioner maintenance.

Advice Procedures necessary to ensure the best air conditioner maintenance.

Note Information to optimize the air conditioner maintenance.

Contents

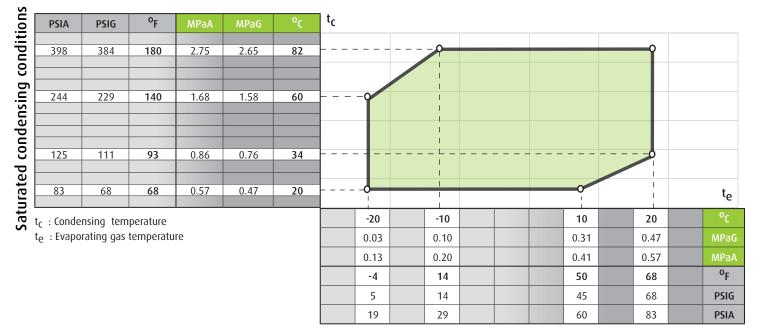
1-Product description	3
2-Operation precautions	16
3-Handling instructions	
Maintenance precautions	17
Work area	17
Refrigerant handling	17
Compressor handling	18
Compressor removal	18
Oil return operation	19
Oil handling	19
Oil contamination	20
Oil check	. 20
Replacement of components	20
Running-in operation	21
Compressor runnning-in	22
Magnetic clutch running-in	22
Leak test	23
Refrigerant charging	23
Storing a repaired compressor	23
4-Troubleshooting	24
Compressor troubleshooting	24
Compressor troubleshooting tree	24
A/C cycle diagnosis by gauge pressure	27
5-Tightening torques	
6-Service procedures - Magnetic clutch	30
7-Services procedures - Shaft seal assembly	36
8-Services procedures - Cylinder heads	39
9-Service tools	43
Magnetic clutch service tools	43
Compressor tools	44
Test and inspection tools	44
10-Service parts	45

1-Product description - Compressor

Compressor

MODEL	TM43
TECHNOLOGY	Heavy Duty Swash Plate
DISPLACEMENT	425cc / 26 in ³ per rev.
NUMBER OF CYLINDERS	10 (5 double-headed pistons)
REVOLUTION RANGE	600-5000 грт
DIRECTION OF ROTATION	Clockwise viewed from clutch
BORE	40 mm (1.57 in)
STROKE	33.8 mm (1.33 in)
SHAFT SEAL	Lip seal type
LUBRICATION SYSTEM	Lubrication by gear pump
REFRIGERANT	HFC-134a
OIL (QUANTITY)	PAG or POE OIL (800 cc)
CONNECTIONS Internal Hose Diameter	Suction: 35 mm (1-3/8 in) Discharge: 28 mm (1-1/8 in)
WEIGHT (w/o clutch)	13.5 kg / 29.7 lbs
DIMENSIONS (w/o clutch) Length - Width - Height	319-164-269 (mm) 12.6-6.5-10.6 (in)
MOUNTING	Direct (side or base)

Valeo TM43 Application limits



Saturated evaporating conditions



European Name plate

To ensure that the compressor operates smoothly, be careful to respect the indications written on the name plate located on top of the compressor body.



Worldwide Name pate (Except Europe)

To ensure that the compressor operates smoothly, be careful to respect the indications written on the name plate located on top of the compressor body.

Magnetic clutch

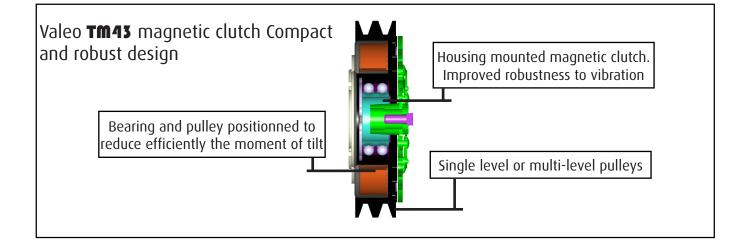
VALEO **TM43** is available either as a compressor and magnetic clutch assembly or as a compressor body that customers can fit with compatible magnetic clutches. The magnetic clutch design Valeo has been promoting for more than 20 years is now gradually adopted by major market actors.

Our compressors and magnetic clutches have successfully passed the thousand hours of long validation tests in Valeo Compressors research center laboratory. Operational excellence was demonstrated during hot season testing on field under challenging climates in the most stressful conditions.

Being able to rely on our robust magnetic clutch provides the best way to reduce fuel consumption without using additional unloading devices that decrease significantly the efficiency and durability of the compressor. The range of Valeo magnetic clutches ensures an unmatched reliability and the longest durability that perfectly matches the Valeo **TM43** compressor qualities.

ТҮРЕ	Electromagnetic single-plate dry clutch		
RATED VOLTAGE	12V DC	24V DC	
POWER CONSUMPTION	41W max	39 W max	
STATIC TORQUE	120 N·m {12.2 kgf·m, 88.5 lbf·ft}		
DIRECTION OF ROTATION	Clockwise, viewed from clutch		
WEIGHT	Approx 7 kg {15.4 lbs}		
V-BELT TYPE	V-groove B or V-ribbed (PK)		

Specifications TM43*



*The specifications may vary with the compressor.

Please also note that the maintenance procedures introduced in this service manual apply only to magnetic clutches provided by Valeo.

Connectors

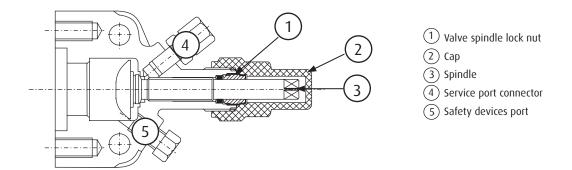
•

1. Fully open the shut-off valve when operating the compressor

- Unscrew the cap.
- Loose the valve spindle lock nut by 1/4 turn.
- Turn the spindle in the counterclockwise direction until it stops.

The shut-off valve is now fully opened and the service port connector is closed.

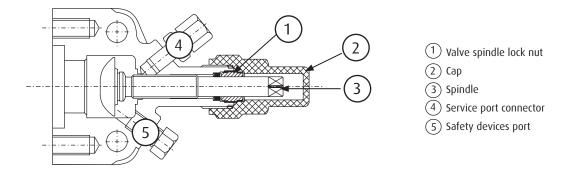
• When finished, tighten the valve spindle lock nut carefully and reinstall the cap.



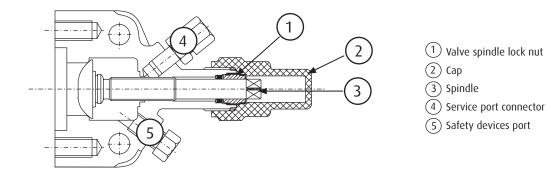
2. Open the service port connector when using a gauge manifold

Turn the spindle in the clockwise direction by 1/2 turn to 1 turn.

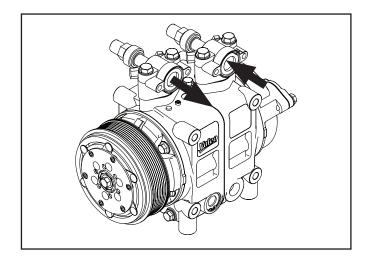
The shut-off valve and the service port connector are now opened.

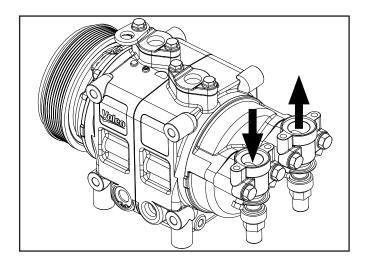


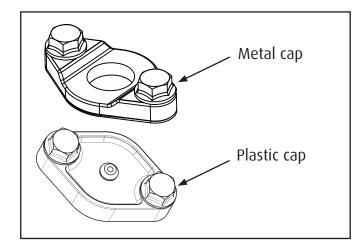
- 3. Fully close the shut-off valve when removing the compressor
 - Turn the spindle in the clockwise direction until it stops.



-6-







Flexible Port Design

The design of TM43 has been developped to adapt any kind of air conditioning system specifications to optimize mounting position.

ADVICE

Valeo Compressors recommends the following hose sizes: INTERNAL DIAMETER Suction: Ø 35 mm - 1-3/8 inch Discharge: Ø 28 mm - 1-1/8 inch

The standard installation is as following: one suction connector and one discharge connector attached on the compressor. The remaining ports are sealed with 2 metal caps.

The strainer should be installed in the suction port before attaching the suction connector.

TM43 allows more installation configurations:

- 2 suction ports and 2 discharge ports can be used with 4 connectors in total.
- 2 suction ports and 1 discharge port with 3 connectors in total.

A strainer should be installed on each of the suction ports. Valeo can provide additional connectors and strainers. Please contact your sales representative.

CAUTION!

Plastic caps are intended for transport only. Do not use the plastic caps for compressor operation.

Metal caps are designed to seal the ports which are not connected to the A/C system while the compresor is in operation.

Tightening torques for connectors and for metal caps are:

- Connectors: 25 32 N·m
- Metal caps: 15 25 N⋅m

The gasket should be used with the connectors and the metal caps with a O-ring.

1-Product description - Performance

The performance data below were measured under the following conditions:

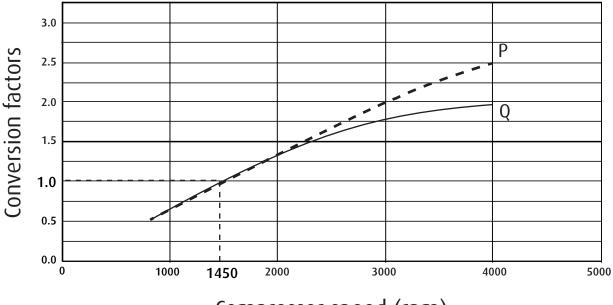
- Compressor speed: 1450 rpm
- Subcooling temperature: 5°C
- Super heat temperature: 20°C

Valeo TM43 performance data (R134a)

Cooling capacity Q (kW) & Power consumption P (kW)								
	Conditions			Evap	orating Te	mperature	(°C)	
Condensing			-10	-5	0	5	10	12.5
Temperature	Pd (MPaG)		Ps (MPaG)					
(°C)			0.10	0.15	0.19	0.24	0.32	0.35
40	0.01	Q (kW)	10.72	14.83	17.36	21.62	28.36	31.36
40	0.91	P (kW)	4.08	4.57	4.92	5.28	5.72	5.88
50	1 7 1	Q (kW)	9.23	12.47	15.12	18.52	23.96	26.00
50 1.21	P (kW)	4.41	5.03	5.46	5.91	6.51	6.68	
(0)	1 50	Q (kW)	7.79	10.68	12.99	16.00	20.93	22.67
60 1.58	P (kW)	4.69	5.43	5.94	6.49	7.26	7.48	

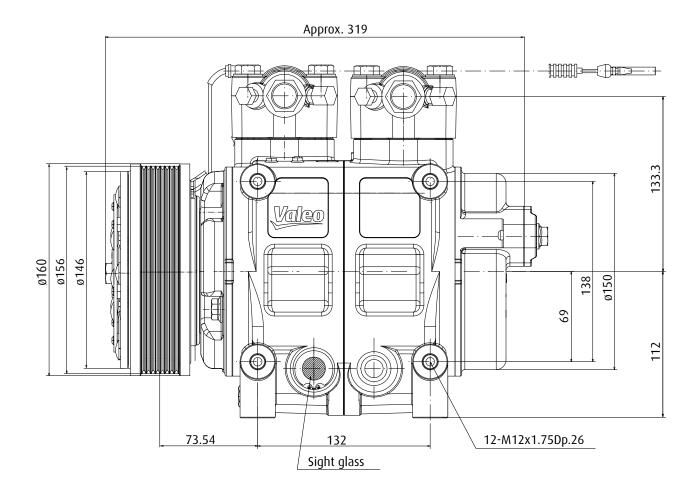
Valeo TM43 conversion factors

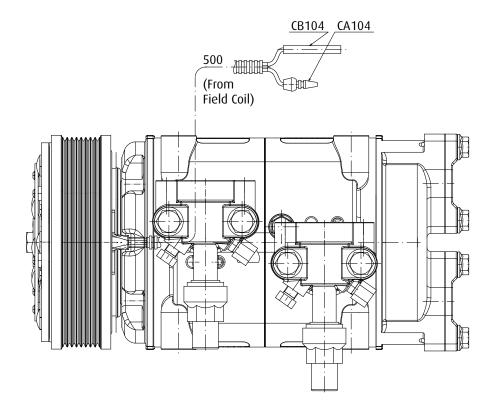
Cooling Capacity and power consumption data at different rotation speed can be approximated with the conversion factors below.



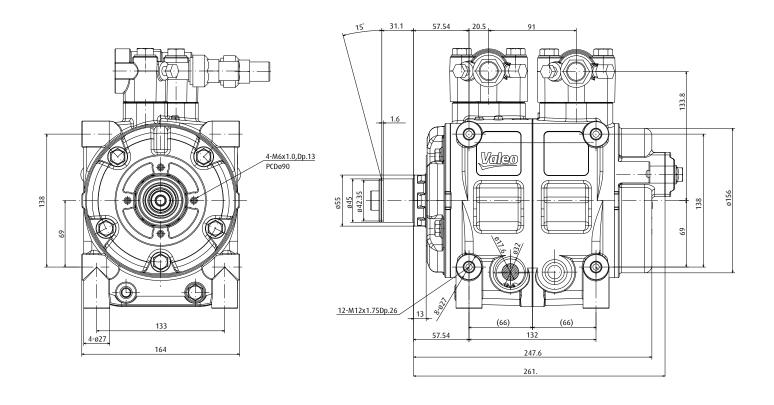
Compressor speed (rpm)

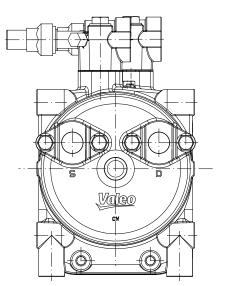
1-Product description - Dimensions

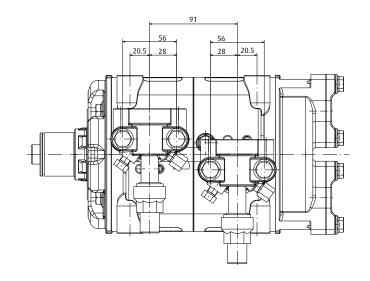




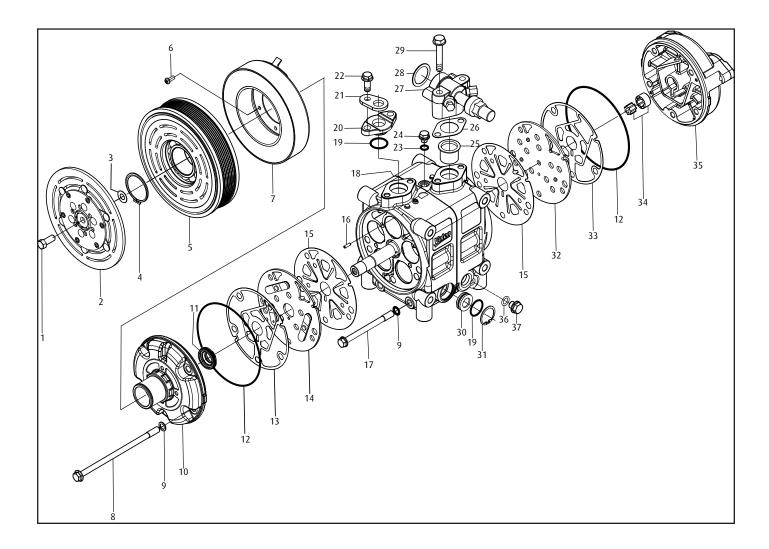
TM43 compressors without magnetic clutch







1-Product description - Exploded view



- 1. Center bolt
- 2. Armature assembly
- 3. Adjusting shim
- 4. Snap ring
- 5. Pulley assembly
- 6. Screw
- 7. Field coil
- 8. Bolt
- 9. Gasket
- 10. Front cylinder head
- 11. Shaft seal assembly
- 12. O-Ring
- 13. Gasket
- 14. Valve plate assembly
- 15. Suction valve
- 16. Pin
- 17. Bolt
- 18. Cylinder shaft assembly

- 19. O-Ring
- 20. Plate
- 21. Plate
- 22. Bolt
- 23. 0-Ring
- 24. Oil filler plug
- 25. Strainer
- 26. Gasket
- 27. Connector
- 28. Gasket
- 29. Bolt
- 30. Sight glass
- 31. Snap ring
- 32. Valve pate assembly
- . 33. Gasket
- 34. Gear pump
- 35. Rear cylinder head
- 36. O-Ring

37. Oil plug

-11-

Valeo **TM43** is a 10-cylinder swash plate type compressor. With this type of compressor, the cylinders and pistons are arranged axially along the drive shaft.

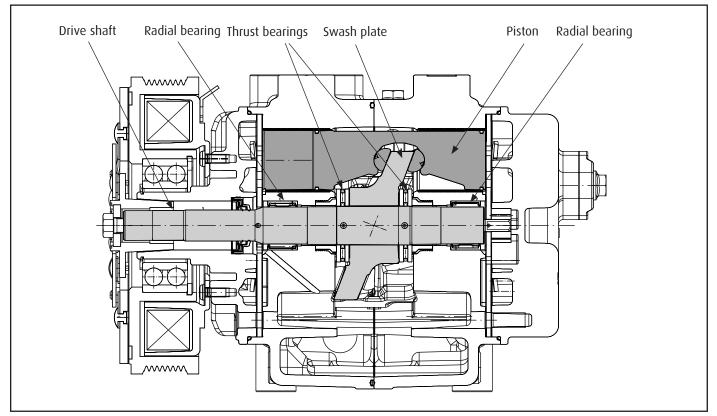
The pistons operate within the cylinders and are driven by a swash plate to perform suction, compression and discharge.

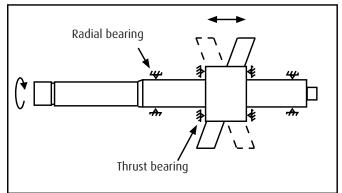
Swash plate system

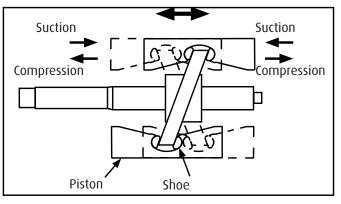
The drive shaft, which is driven by the engine through the magnetic clutch, is equipped with a swash plate.

The drive shaft is supported by two radial bearings and two thrust bearings.

The swash plate is rotated by the drive shaft, and moves the pistons back and forth.







Piston Drive System

The pistons in the cylinders are mounted on the swash plate through hemispherical shoes.

Each piston has a compression head at each end. Swash plate rotation results in a reciprocating piston movement parallel to the drive shaft.

The cylinders, which are arranged at 72° intervals around the drive shaft, are each divided into 2 chambers, providing 5 front and 5 rear bores.

As each piston performs suction and compression at either end, the compressor operates as a 10-cylinder compressor.

1-Product description - Lubrication

The compressor is lubricated by a gear pump in the rear cylinder head which is connected to the compressor.

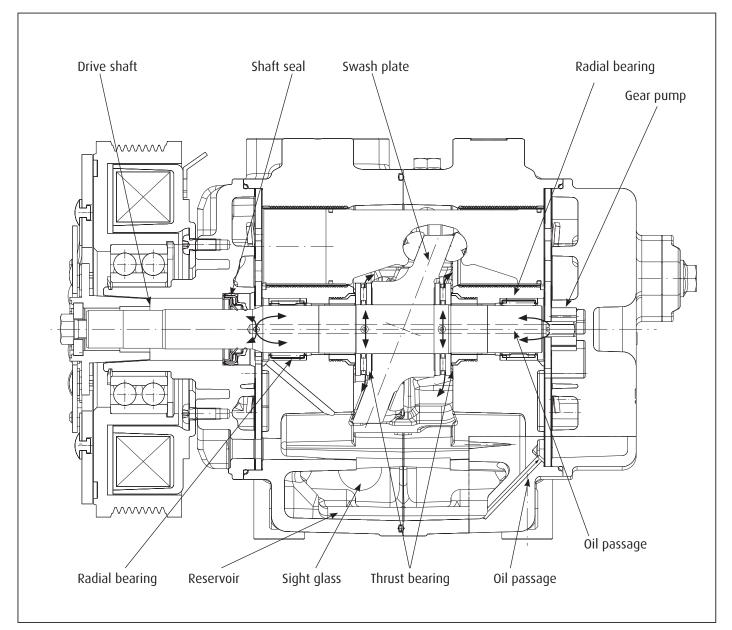
Oil flow

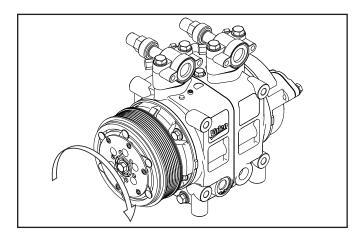
When the compressor starts operating, the gear pump draws oil from the reservoir and pumps it through an oil passage in the shaft.

The oil then flows through ports in the shaft to lubricate the bearings and the shaft seal.

The area between the swash plate and the shoe disks is lubricated by the splashing action of the oil flowing through the thrust bearings.

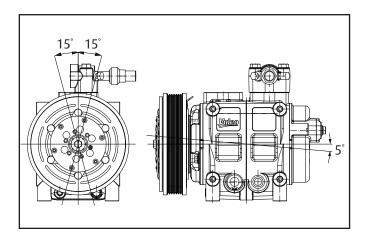
Oil also flows through ports in the pistons to lubricate the cylinders and the pistons.

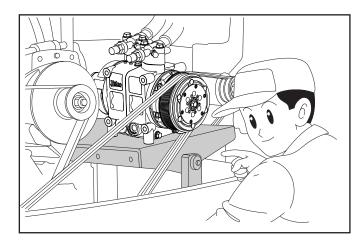




Operation condition table

Item	Condition
Surrounding temperature	Under 100°C (212°F)
Speed	Minimum: 600 r/min Maximum: 5500 r/min Continuous: 5000 r/min
Pressure	Maximum: 2.65 MPaG {28 kgf/cm², 384.3 psig}





Compressor

- 1. The direction of rotation is clockwise as viewed from the clutch side.
- 2. The standard compressor oil charge is specified for passenger vehicles and truck air conditioners, and the oil quantity differs depending on the type of compressor. Please refer to the label on the compressor.
- 3. The compressor must be operated under the conditions shown in the operation conditions table shown on the left.

CAUTION!

The A/C cycle components must be designed so that the pressure in the cycle does not exceed 2.65 MPaG {28 kgf/cm2, 384.3 psig}

 Inclination limit at installation Valeo recommends the compressor to be installed on the vehicle within the inclination range shown on the left. Front head leaning is prohibited.

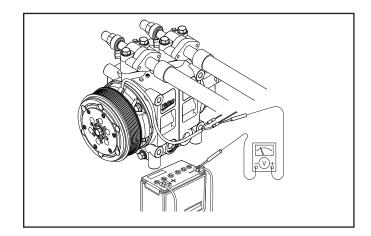
Compressor mounting points

The compressor's mounting points should be tightened to the specified torque:

Specified torque: 45 ~ 50 N·m {4.6 ~ 5.1 kgf·m, 33.2 ~ 36.9 lbf·ft}

Compressor bracket

- 1. Install the bracket securely on the chassis frame or engine body. As the engine vibrations may be severe, the bracket and mounting bolts must be installed securely.
- Vibration resistance There must not be any resonance under 250 Hz.





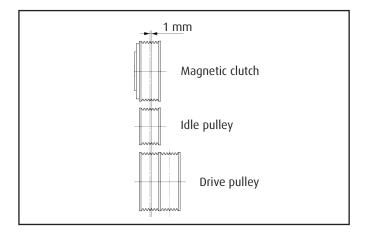
1. Voltage

DC 24 V

The terminal voltage of the magnetic clutch must exceed 21 V.

DC 12 V

The terminal voltage of the magnetic clutch must exceed 10.5 V.



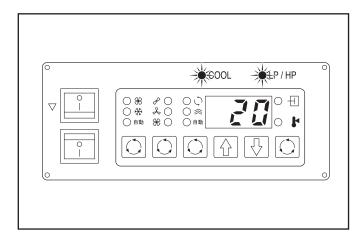
- 2. Ratio of magnetic clutch to drive pulley
- When the compressor is driven from the pulley drive of the vehicle, the magnetic clutch to drive pulley ratio should avoid the range 1: 0.92-1.08 to limit vibration and resonance.
- Compressor speed must not exceed the specified speed.

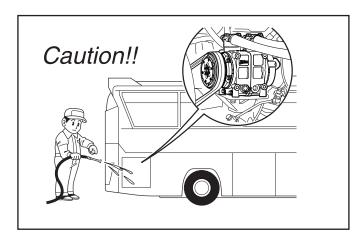
CAUTION!

Pulley ratio is the ratio of the magnetic clutch diameter to the drive pulley diameter.

- 3. Pulley alignment tolerance is less than 1mm (0.04 in).
- 4. Pulley groove: V-groove or V-ribbed.
- 5. The belt tension must be adjusted to the tension specified by the belt maker.

2-Operation precautions

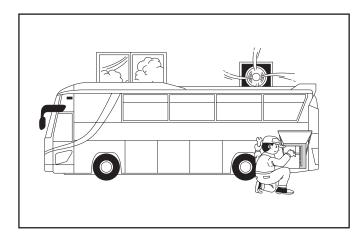


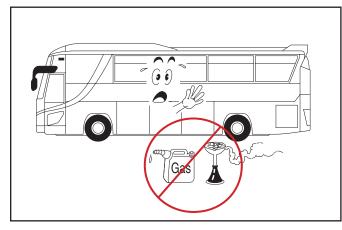


- 1. During the off season of the air conditioner, operate the compressor for a few minutes once a week.
- 2. Do not drive through water. Water may damage the magnetic clutch, thus preventing normal operation.

- 3. Do not wet a compressor that has not been used for a long period.
- 4. Always charge the A/C system with the specified quantity of refrigerant.
- 5. Keep the compressor clear of water projection while cleaning the vehicule.

3-Handling instructions







Maintenance precautions

Work area

As the components of air conditioners are particularly sensitive to moisture, dirt and rust, always observe the following :

- Work indoors whenever possible
- Select a flat ground work area
- Keep the work area clean
- Select a work area with adequate ventilation.

CAUTION!

Refrigerant itself is not harmful, but excessive accumulation in a closed area can cause oxygen deficiency.

• Keep open flame and inflammables away from the vehicle in which the air conditioner is being installed.

(Fire is particularly dangerous during the gas leak inspection following installation)

WARNING!

Contact with flame and high temperatures can generate toxic gases.

Refrigerant handling

WARNING!

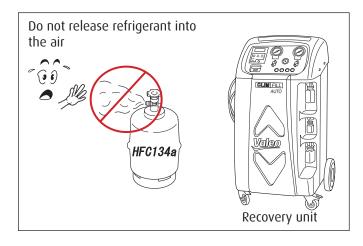
Direct contact with refrigerant can cause frostbite or blindness.

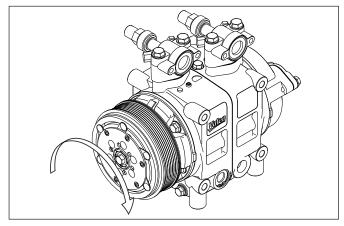
Always wear safety glasses and protective gloves.

Do not work with refrigerant close to your face.

1. Do not misidentify refrigerants

If an HFC-134a air conditioning system is mistakenly charged with another refrigerant, serious problems such as compressor seizing may occur. Therefore, confirm before charging with refrigerant that the type of air conditioning system is an HFC-134a system.





2. Do not release refrigerant into the air

Although HFC-134a is not subject to CFC regulations, it can have effect on global warming and so should not be released into the air. When removing refrigerant from the air conditioning system, always use a refrigerant recovery unit made specifically for HFC-134a.

Compressor handling

Do not strike or unnecessarily turn the compressor upside down. If the compressor is knocked over or turned upside down during handling or installation, rotate the armature plate 5 or 6 times by to circulate the oil.

Otherwise, oil in the cylinder duing compressor startup will cause valve damage and reduce durability.

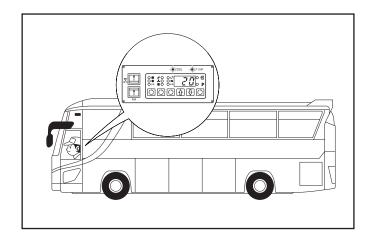
Compressor removal

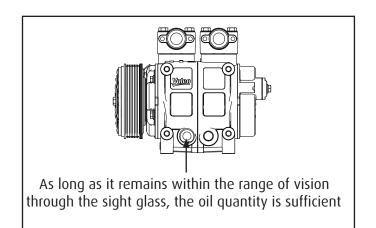
When the compressor is operational

- 1. Perform the oil return operation (see p.19).
- 2. Recover the refrigerant from the system using a refrigerant recovery unit.
- 3. Remove the compressor.
- 4. Drain the oil from the compressor and close all open connections immediately.
- 5. Check the oil quantity and the degree of contamination (see p.19 & 20).

When the compressor is inoperable

- 1. Recover the refrigerant from the system using a refrigerant recovery unit if the shut-off valves are to be removed with the compressor.
- 2. Remove the compressor.
- 3. Drain the oil from the compressor and close all open connections immediately.
- 4. Check the oil quantity and the degree of contamination (see p.19 & 20).







Oil return operation

Compressor oil mixed with refrigerant is circulating in the air conditioning system.

Perform the oil return operation to return this oil to the compressor before removing components from the system.

- 1. Open the doors and windows and operate the blower motor at maximum speed.
- 2. Operate the vehicle engine at idling during at least 20 minutes.

Note: The maximum amount of oil cannot be recovered at higher speeds. This operation also requires a warm ambient temperature.

Oil handling

Oil specification

Use PAG46 or POE SE55.

Oil quantity inspection

There is no particular need for frequent inspection or replacement, although it is recommended to check operating refrigerent pressures and oil levels at the start of the season.

Please replace the refrigerant and restore the system oil and refrigerant charge to factory specifications if:

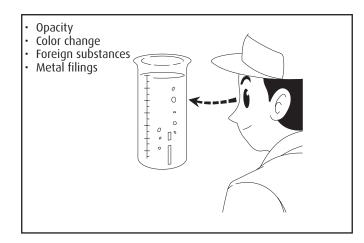
- the AC system is opened for repair or replacement of any component (e.g.: evaporator, condenser or receiver drier)
- any loss of charge refrigerant or oil is detected.

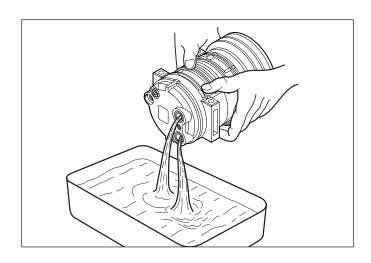
Oil level can be read through the sight glass of he compressor (see on the left).

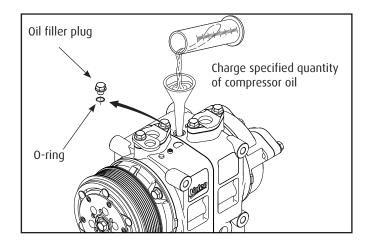
Handling precautions

- 1. The oil must be free from dust, metal filings, etc.
- 2. Do not mix oils.
- 3. The moisture content must not exceed 1,000 ppm. (PAG oil only)
- 4. The oil easily absorbs moisture when the container is open. Therefore always seal the container immediately after use. (PAG oil only)

3-Handling instructions







Oil contamination

Unlike engine oil, no cleaning agent is added to the compressor oil. Even if the compressor is run for a long period (approximately 1 season), the oil never becomes turbid as long as there is nothing wrong with the compressor or its method of use. Inspect the extracted oil for any of the following.

- Increased opacity of the oil.
- Color change to red.
- Presence of foreign matter, metal filings, etc.

WARNING!

When system (oil) contamination is found during compressor replacement, flush the A/C system with a fluid that meets SAE J2670 and replace the drier (or accumulator).

Oil check

The compressor oil must be checked as follows when being charged into a used system.

- 1. Perform the oil return operation (see page 19).
- 2. Remove the compressor from the vehicle.
- 3. Remove the oil filler plug and drain the oil through the oil filler plug and the high and low pressure connectors.
- 4. Check the oil for contamination.
- 5. Fill the compressor with the specified amount of oil through the oil filler plug (see page 21).

3-Handling instructions

		Current Compressor is kept	Compressor is replaced
Factory oil charge	Amount recovered	Charging amount	Amount to remove from new compressor
800	500 or _ more	Same as recovered	800-(amount recovered+20)
	Under 500	500	300

unit: cm³ & cc

unit: cu ir				
		Current Compressor is kept	Compressor is replaced	
Factory oil charge	Amount recovered	Charging amount	Amount to remove from new compressor	
48.8	30.5 or _ more	Same as recovered	48.8-(amount recovered+1.2)	
	Under 30.5	30.5	18.3	

CAUTION!

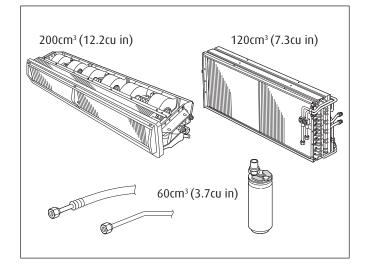
The specified oil quantity differs, depending on the type of air conditioning system. A label describing the specified quantity is attached to the compressor. Additionally, all of the oil cannot be removed when draining the compressor, as some remains as an oil film on the inside of the compressor and the system components. Therefore, refer to the table on the left when recharging the compressor with oil. Excess oil adversely affects the cooling capacity and the compressor.

6. Install the oil filler plug and tighten it to the specified torque.

Specified torque: 15 ~ 18 N·m {1.5 ~ 1.8 kqf·m, 11 ~ 13 lbf·ft}

CAUTION!

The oil filler plug O-ring must be replaced with a new one.

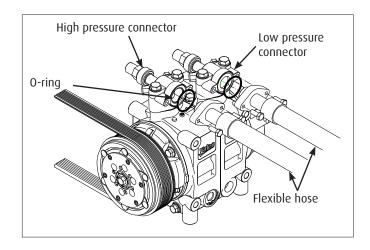


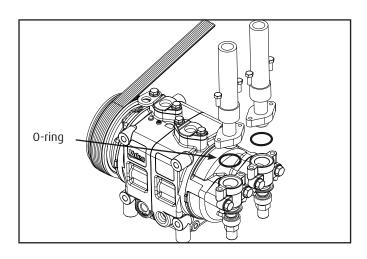
Replacement of components

When replacing the system's component parts, supply the following amount of oil to the compressor.

Component mounted	Amount of oil
Evaporator	200 cm³ (12.2 cu in)
Condenser	120 cm³ (7.3 cu in)
Receiver drier	60 cm³ (3.7 cu in)
Pipe or hose	60 cm³ (3.7 cu in)

After installing these component parts, check the compressor oil. (See p.21).





Running-in operation

Whenever moving parts have been replaced, it is necessary to run-in both the compressor and the magnetic clutch.

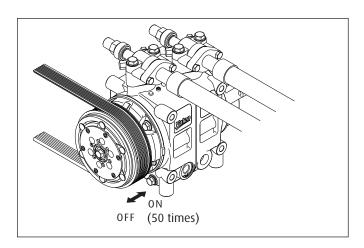
Compressor running-in

Reassembled compressors must be run-in after the leak test (see next page).

- 1. Check that the compressor contains the specified amount of oil.
- 2. Install the compressor on the test bench.
- Install the high and low pressure connectors (Z0011222) to the ports and tighten the bolts to the specified torque.
 Specified torque: 25 ~ 32 N·m {2.5 ~ 3.3 kgf·m, 18 ~ 24 lbf·ft}
- 4. Connect the two connector ports using a flexible hose.
- 5. Run the compressor at 1,000 rpm for at least 30 minutes.
- 6. Replace the oil.
- 7. Repeat the leak test.

CAUTION!

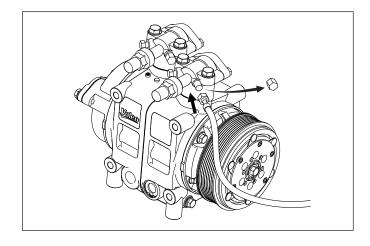
While the compressor is being run-in in step 5 above, check the outside temperature of the front head. If the temperature exceeds 80°C (176°F), stop the running-in operation. Resume the operation when the head has cooled.

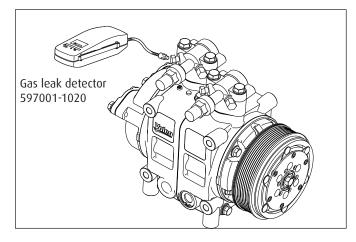


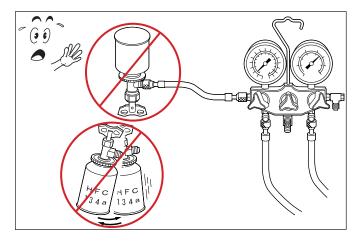
Magnetic clutch running-in

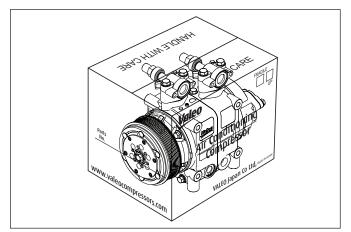
- 1. Install the clutch on the compressor.
- 2. Install the compressor on the test bench, and operate the compressor by running the system.
- 3. Maintain the compressor speed at 500 rpm. Operate the A/C switch through the ON/OFF cycle at least 50 times ("ON" for 10 seconds and "OFF" for 10 seconds).

3-Handling instructions









Leak test

The compressor must be checked for refrigerant leaks after it is repaired. The procedure is as follows.

1. Fit plates to the suction and discharge connections, and tighten it to the specified torque.

Specified torque: 25 ~ 32 N·m {2.5 ~ 3.3 kgf·m, 18 ~ 24 lbf·ft}

- 2. Fill the compressor with refrigerant through the suction side, rising the refrigerant pressure to at least 0.39 MPaG {5 kgf/cm², 56.3 psig}.
- 3. Check the compressor for leaks using a leak detector.

Refrigerant charging

In order to prevent a liquid charge and greatly increase risks of compressor dammage, do not shake or turn the refrigerant bottle upside down.

Storing a repaired compressor

If it is necessary to store a repaired compressor for some time before installation, evacuate the compressor and fill it with dry nitrogen gas through the suction fitting to raise the pressure to $49 \sim 150$ kPa {0.5 ~ 1.5 kgf/cm², 7.1 ~ 21 psi}.

Compressor troubleshooting

When a problem occurs during the compressor operation, it is often difficult to pinpoint exact the cause of the malfunction.

As long as the compressor maintenance is done correctly, there should not be any problem throughout the whole vehicle life, but should it happen, we hope this troubleshooting can help you solve the issue efficiently.

Below are listed most of the issues you may encounter while the A/C is ON.

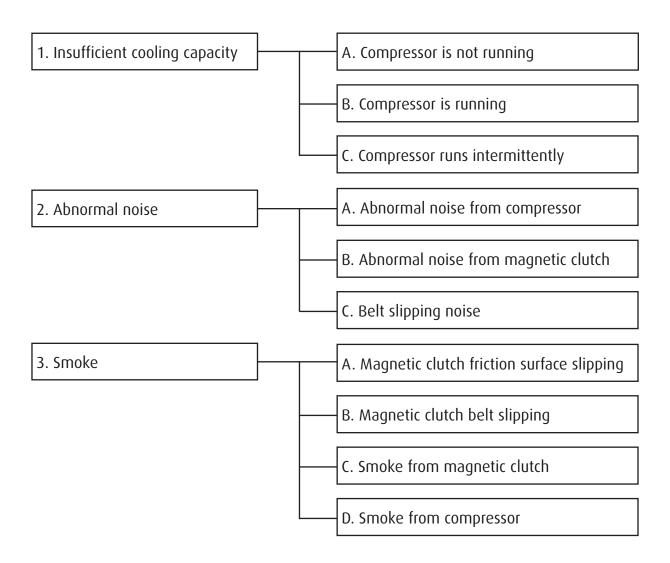
Please refer to the compressor troubleshooting tree to localize the malfunction symptom, then look at the table (p.25-26) for the appropriate counter measure.

Most of the malfunction symptoms can be classified in the following categories:

- 1. Insufficient cooling capacity
- 2. Abnormal noise
- 3. Smoke

In case of insufficient cooling capacity, we recommend that you prepare a gauge manifold to measure the pressure of both discharge and suction sides (for a detailed diagnosis by gauge pressure, see p.27-28).

Compressor troubleshooting tree



1. Insufficient cooling capacity

	Issue	Symptom	Possible cause	Меаѕиге
	Compressor is	Magnetic clutch slips when turning on the A/C switch	Compressor internal part damage	Replace the compressor
	(No cool blow coming out)	Low pressure cut switch operates (see p.27-28)	Refrigerant shortage	Fix the refrigerant leakage then fill with refrigerant until reaching the right amount
		The magnetic clutch slips or does not engage when the compressor runs	Lead wire short circuit or wiring connector not seated properly	Replace the lead wire if it is defective
			–Magnetic clutch damage –	Repair or replace the magnetic clutch
A			Magnetic clutch air gap too wide	Adjust air gap or replace magnetic clutch
			Low magnetic clutch voltage	Check the voltage of battery
		The magnetic clutch engages —but the armature does not rotate	Belt slipping	Replace the compressor if it is locked
		—Belt run off the pulley —	Compressor internal part damage or magnetic clutch damage	Replace the compressor or the magnetic clutch
		Center bolt is loose / Center bolt is missing	Bolt drop off/ Armature drop off	Replace magnetic clutch
	Compressor is running	Compressor is running normally	Poor compression	Replace the compressor
	(No cool blow coming out)	No difference of temperature —between discharge side and – suction side (see p.27-28)	Refrigerant shortage	Fix the refrigerant leakage then fill with refrigerant until reaching the right amount
В		The magnetic clutch slips or does not engage when the compressor is running	Magnetic clutch friction surface slipping	Check the voltage of battery or replace the magnetic clutch
			Loose connection of the magnetic clutch electrical circuit	Replace the magnetic clutch after making sure it is defective
		Belt slipping	Magnetic clutch belt slipping	Belt tension readjustment
		The magnetic clutch does not engage	Defective thermostatic switch	Replace the thermostatic switch after making sure it is defective
	Compressor runs intermittently	Both discharge and suction pressures are high	Excess of refrigerant	Reduce the refrigerant charge until reaching the right amount
	(Cool blow comes out only from time to		Condenser fan failure	Replace the condenser after making sure it is defective
C	time)	The magnetic clutch slips or does not engage when the compressor is running	Loose connection of the magnetic clutch electrical circuit	Replace the magnetic clutch after making sure it is defective
		The magnetic clutch does	Defective thermostatic switch	Replace the thermostatic switch after making sure it is defective

2. Abnormal noise

	Issue	Symptom	Possible cause	Measure
	Abnormal	Abnormal vibration after turning on the A/C switch	Compressor installation bolt	Increase tightening torque of the loose bolts
A	compressor		Wide gap at the attaching portion between the compressor and the bracket	Improve the compressor attaching portion
		Abnormal noise from the	Compressor body internal	Replace the compressor
	Abnormal noise from the	The magnetic clutch has a backlash and slips	Magnetic clutch damage	– Replace the magnetic clutch
В	magnetic clutch	Strange noise when the magnetic clutch engages	Air gap too wide	Adjust air gap or replace magnetic clutch
		Armature slips / does not engage when the compressor is running	Magnetic clutch friction, slippery surface	Check the voltage of battery or replace magnetic clutch
С	Belt slipping noise	Armature does not rotate when magnetic clutch engages	Belt slipping	Replace the compressor if locked. Readjust the belt tension if the belt is loose

3. Smoke

	Issue	Symptom	Possible cause	Measure
А	Magnetic clutch friction surface slipping	The magnetic clutch slips / does not engage when the compressor is running	Magnetic clutch air gap too wide Low magnetic clutch voltage Magnetic clutch friction, greasy surface	Adjust air gap or replace magnetic clutch Check the voltage of battery Clean friction surface or replace magnetic clutch
В	Magnetic clutch belt slipping	The magnetic clutch slips / does not engage when the compressor is running	Belt alignment is not correct Magnetic clutch belt is greasy Magnetic clutch belt tension is loose	Adjust the compressor installation position – Clean or replace the belt – Adjust belt tension
С	Smoke from the magnetic clutch	The magnetic clutch does	Coil open or shorted	Replace the magnetic clutch
D	Smoke from the compressor	Refrigerant / oil is blowing out	Refrigerant leaking, uncoupled piping or piping burst	Fix the refrigerant leakage then fill with refrigerant until having the right amount
			Refrigerant blowing from the high pressure relief valve due to excess of refrigerant	Reduce the refrigerant –charge until reaching the right amount

A/C cycle diagnosis by gauge pressure

Following is a diagnosis procedure to connect gauge manifold to A/C cycle, measure suction and discharge pressures and analyze the defects of the cycle.

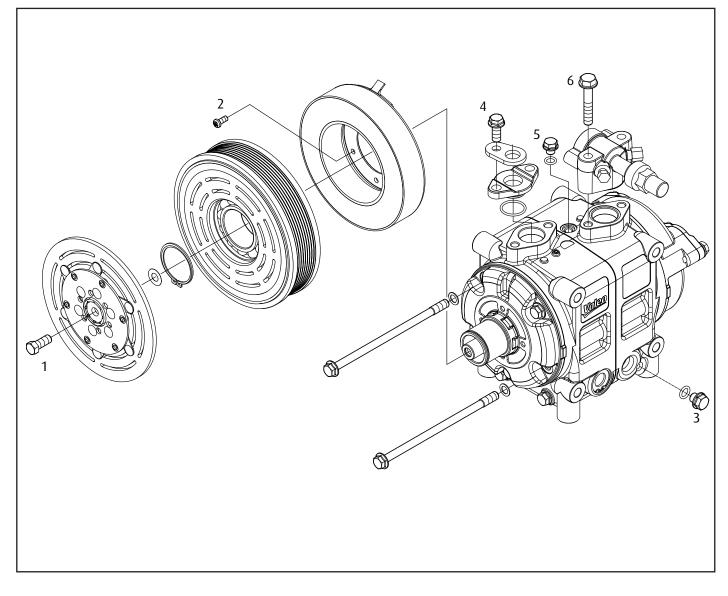
Operation conditions of the A/C cycle for pressure mesuring:

- 1. Ambient temperature: 30 35 °C
- 2. Engine speed: 1,500 rpm
- 3. A/C switch: ON
- 4. Blower speed: high
- 5. Temperature control: full cold

Gauge pressure indication	Cause	Confirmation method	Action to take	
Pressure is normal	A/C cycle operates normally. If there is any defect (poor cooling performance), there shall be another cause			
		e: around 1.0 - 1.7 Mpa (* around 0.13 - 0.20 Mpa (*		
Both discharge and suction pressures are low	Refrigerant shortage	Connect gauge manifold to cycle	Recover refrigerant, then refill with the right amount of refrigerant	
Suction pressure becomes vacuum	Receiver dryer is clogged	Temperature difference between inlet and outlet pipes happens. Dryer is covered with frost	Replace parts	
	Expansion valve is clogged	Expansion valve was covered with frost	Clean or replace part	
	Enclosure leakage from the Expansion valve's temperature sensing tube. (Expansion valve operates to close the valve opening)	Outlet side of the Expansion valve is not cooling. (Low side of gauge indicates vacuum)	Replace part	
	Temperature sensing device at outlet air is defective	Evaporator becomes frozen up	Adjust or replace the part	
	Refrigerant piping is clogged or crashed	If any part between the dryer and the compressor is clogged or crashed, the low side pressure becomes vacuum	Adjust or replace the part	

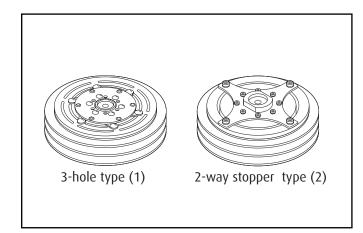
Gauge pressure indication	Cause	Confirmation method	Action to take
Both discharge and suction pressures are high	Excess of refrigerant	Connect gauge manifold to cycle	Recover refrigerant, then refill with the right amount of refrigerant
	Condenser cooling malfunction	Condenser becomes muddy and fins are clogged and collapsed. Defect of cooling fan rotation. Malfunction of fan motor for condenser.	Clean up, hand repair of fin and replacement
	Misaligned Expansion valve or thermal sensing tube of the Expansion valve is not fit on regularly. (Excess opening of the Expansion valve)	Defective refrigerant flow control, the thermal sensing tube is not closely in contact with the evaporator pipe	Adjustment or replacement
	Air mixed in refrigeration cycle	Just after compressor stops, discharge pressure will come down immediately to 0.29 - 0.39 MPa (3 - 4 kgf/cm ²)	Evacuate air from cycle, the charge with the adequate amount of refrigerant
Discharge pressure is high and suction pressure is low	Refrigerant cycle is clogged between compressor and condenser	Appreciable temperature difference at the clogged location	Clean up inside the cycle or replace the part
Discharge pressure is low and suction pressure is high	Defect of the compressor valve or gasket	Discharge and suction pressures balance immediately after the compressor stops. (Defective compression of compressor)	Replace the compressor

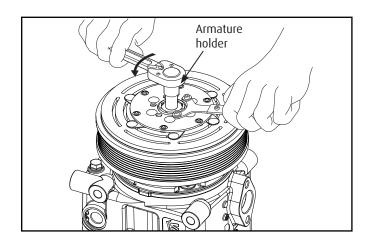
5-Tightening torques

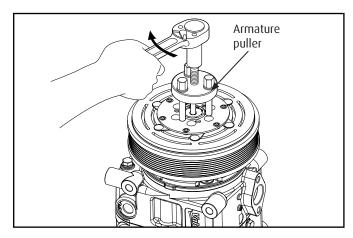


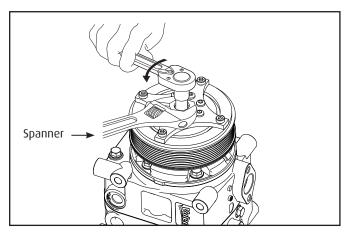
Unit: N·m {kgf·m, lbf·ft}

Part	Thread size	Tightening torque
1. Bolt	M10 x 1.25	25 - 30 (2.5 - 3.1, 18 - 22)
2. Field coil screw	M6 x 1.0	4.2 - 7.2 (0.4 - 0.7, 3.1 - 5.3)
3. Oil plug	M10 x 1.5	15 - 18 (1.5 - 1.8, 11 - 13)
4. Bolt	M10 x 1.5	15 - 25 (1.5 - 2.5, 11 - 18)
5. Oil filler plug	M10 x 1.5	15 - 18 (1.5 - 1.8, 11 - 13)
6. Connector fixing bolt	M10 x 1.5	25 - 32 (2.5 - 3.3, 18 - 24)









Magnetic clutch

Removal

- 1. Check your armature type (see on left):
- 3-hole type (1)
- 2-way stopper type (2)

CAUTION!

The Procedure applies to Valeo standard magnetic clutches only.

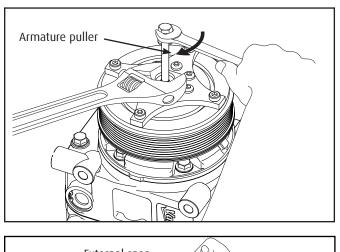
It may differ with other compatible magnetic clutches, please refer to the clutch maker's service procedures.

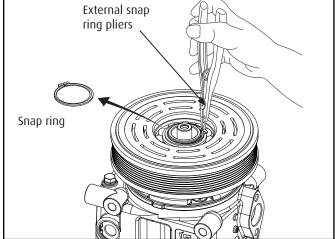
2. Remove the armature.

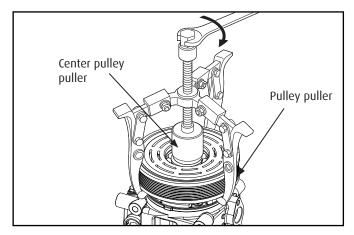


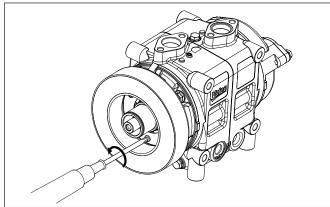
- If it is a 3-hole type armature (1)
- a. Remove the center bolt using an armature holder to prevent armature assembly rotation.
- b. Remove the armature assembly using an armature puller assembly. Remove the shims from the compressor driveshaft or armature assembly.

- If it is a 2-way stopper type armature (2)
- a. Remove the center bolt using a spanner to prevent armature assembly rotation.









b. Remove the armature assembly using an armature puller. Remove the shims from the compressor driveshaft or armature assembly.

3. Remove the snap ring (5803301900) using external snap ring pliers.

- 4. Position the center pulley puller at the end of the driveshaft.
- 5. Attach a suitable pulley puller to the pulley. Hook the puller claws to the edge of the pulley as shown.
- 6. Tighten the center pulley puller bolt to remove the pulley.
- 7. Remove the six field coil/compressor screws. Then remove the field coil.

WARNING!

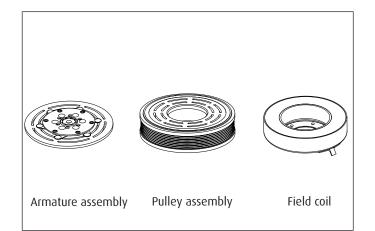
Removing the pulley will systematically damage the pulley bearing.

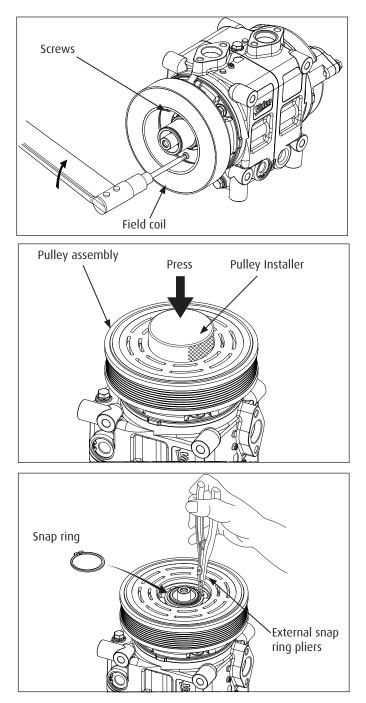
CAUTION!

Do not clip the puller claws into the pulley groove to prevent pulley groove damage.

CAUTION!

Do not hold the field coil by the harness.





Magnetic clutch Inspection

- 1. If the contact surface has been damaged by excessive heat, the armature and pulley must be replaced.
- 2. Check the appearance of the pulley assembly. If the contact surface of the pulley is excessively grooved due to slippage, both the pulley and the armature must be replaced. The contact surface of the pulley assembly must be cleaned with a suitable solvent before reinstallation.

Check the field coil for a loose connector or cracked insulation.

Installation

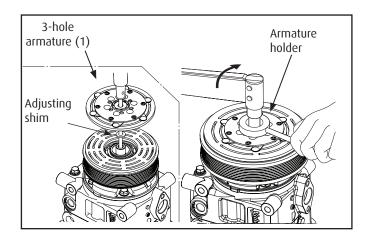
- Install the field coil on the compressor (with the harness on top) and tighten the mounting screws to the specified torque.
 Specified torque: 4.2 ~ 7.2 N·m {0.4 ~0.7 kgf·m, 3.1 ~ 5.3 lbf·ft}
- 2. Carefully place the wire harness/strain relief.
- If you are using a press*
- 3. Install the pulley assembly using the pulley installer and a hand press.

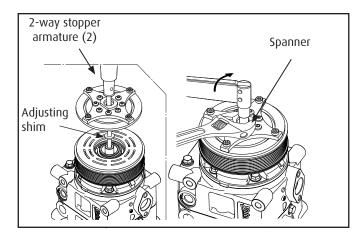
CAUTION!

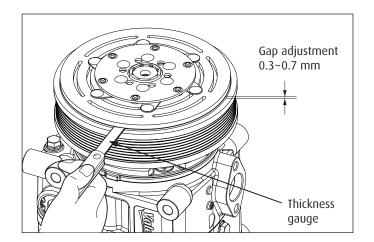
Use only a press to install the pulley assembly. Do not use a hammer. A hammer will damage or deform the pulley.

4. Install the snap ring (beveled edge up) using external snap ring pliers.

* if not using a press p.34







- 5. Install the armature assembly on the driveshaft together with the original shim(s). Press the armature assembly down by hand.
- 6. Install the armature bolt and tighten it to the specified torque using an armature holder (for 3-hole armature) or a spanner (for 2-way stopper armature) to prevent armature assembly rotation.

Specified torque: 25 ~ 30 N·m

{2.5 ~ 3.1 kgf·m, 18 ~ 22 lbf·ft}

7. Check that the clutch clearance is as specified. If necessary adjust the clearance using shim(s).

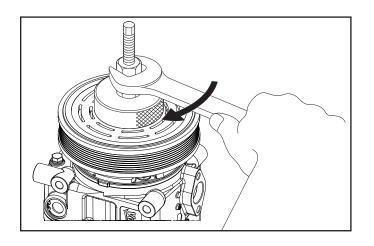
Adjusting shims are available in the following thickness:

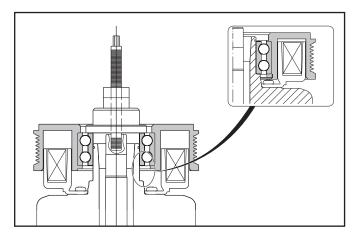
Shim Part No	Thickness
Z0010245	0.2 mm {0.008 in}
Z0010246	0.3 mm {0.012 in}

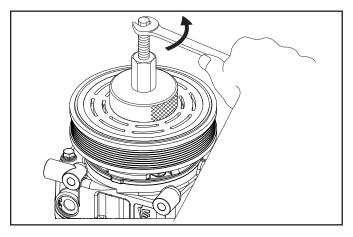
Specified clearance: 0.3 ~ 0.7 mm (0.01 ~ 0.027 in)

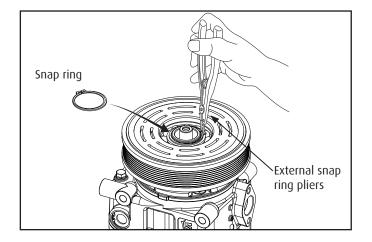
8. Run-in the clutch as described on page 22.

6- Service procedures - Magnetic clutch









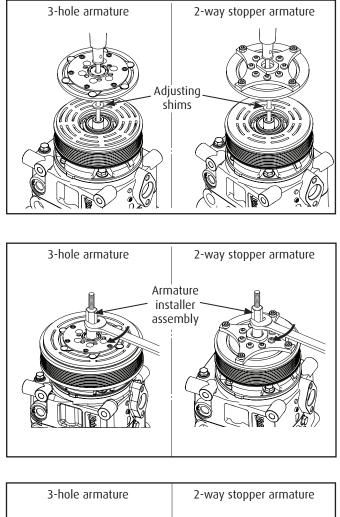
- If you are not using a press
- 3. Install the pulley using a pulley installer assembly and a spanner.

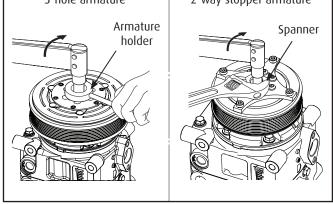
CAUTION!

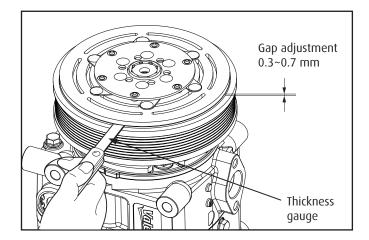
If the bolt of the pulley installer assembly is not screwed into the driveshaft, it may result in damage.

4. Once the pulley is fixed, loose the collar and remove the pulley installer assembly.

5. Install the snap ring (beveled edge up) using external snap ring pliers.







6. Install the armature assembly on the driveshaft together with the original shim(s).

7. Install the armature assembly using an armature installer assembly.

8. Install the armature bolt and tighten to the specified torque using an armature holder or a spanner to prevent armature assembly rotation.

Specified torque: 25 - 30 N·m {2.5 - 3.1 kgf·m, 18 - 22 lbf·ft}

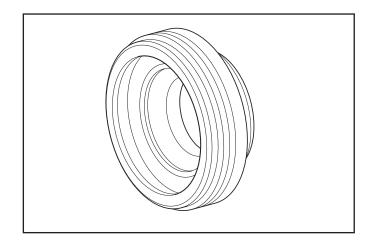
9. Check that the clutch clearance is as specified. If necessary adjust the clearance using shim(s).

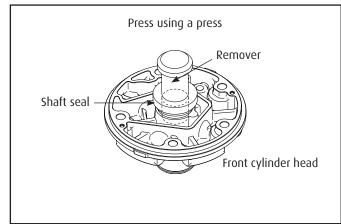
Adjusting shims are available in the following thicknesses:

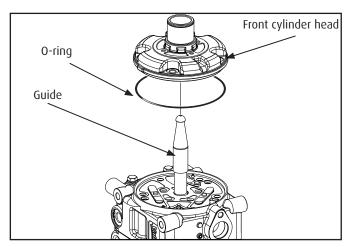
Shim Part No.	Thickness
Z0010245	0.2 mm {0.008 in}
Z0010246	0.3 mm {0.012 in}

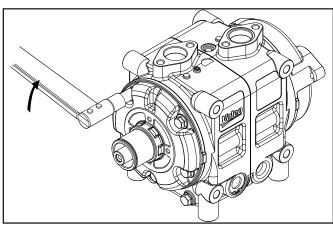
Specified clearance: 0.3 - 0.7 mm {0.012 - 0.028 in}

10. Run in the clutch as described on page 22.









Inspection

The shaft seal must not be reused.

Always use a new shaft seal when reassembling the compressor. Ensure that the seal seat is free from lint and dirt that could damage the shaft seal lip.

Installation

- 1. Clean the portion of the front cylinder head where the shaft seal is to be assembled.
- 2. Assemble the shaft seal on the remover.
- 3. Coat the shaft seal well with compressor oil and install the shaft seal in the front cylinder head with the shaft seal remover.
- 4. Install the snap ring using the internal snap ring pliers.
- 5. Position the guide on the shaft.
- 6. Coat the new O-ring with clean compressor oil and install it in the front cylinder head.
- 7. Install the front cylinder head.

CAUTION!

Align the roll pins and tap the head lightly and evenly with a plastic hammer.

- 8. Remove the guide.
- 9. Install the five bolts from the front cylinder head side and tighten them to the specified torque.

Specified torque: 25 ~ 32 N·m {2.5 ~ 3.2 kgf·m, 18 ~ 24 lbf·ft} Tighten each bolt gradually (in three or more stages) to ensure the specified torque.

10. Turn the drive shaft 2 ~ 3 times by hand to ensure that the shaft rotates smoothly.

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For any inquiry regarding the present service manual, contact us at vc-oura-sales@valeo.com

-37-

Valeo TM43 Compressor



Valeo TM43 Benefits

High reliability Integration flexibility Great cooling capacity Enhanced performance Lower fuel consumption Compact & robust design Improved field serviceability Reduced noise and vibrations Staggering value through innovation



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